

in \mathbb{R}^4

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Sia V l'insieme delle soluzioni di:

$$S = \begin{cases} x + 2y + z = 0 \\ -x - y + 3z = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Sia } W = \text{span} \left(\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right)$$

calcolare $\dim(NW)$ e $\dim(V+W)$.

Soluzione:

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} \in V \Leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ t \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

More di riga

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{r_2+r_1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{r_1-2r_2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & -6 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$S \equiv \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & -6 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ t \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

z, t liberi.

$$\begin{cases} y = -z - 3t \\ x = z + 6t \end{cases}$$

$$\text{soluzione generica } \begin{pmatrix} z+6t \\ -z-3t \\ z \\ t \end{pmatrix} \in V$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} z \\ -z \\ z \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 6t \\ -3t \\ 0 \\ t \end{pmatrix} = z \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -3 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \in \text{span} \left(\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -3 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right)$$

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Quindi:
 $V+W = \text{span} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 6 & 2 & 3 \\ -1 & -3 & 0 & -2 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2)$

Non è di colonna non alternano lo span

$$\xrightarrow{C_2 - 6C_1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & 3 \\ -1 & -3 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{C_3 - 2C_1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ -1 & -3 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{C_3 - \frac{2}{3}C_2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ -1 & -3 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{C_4 - 3C_1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & -3 & 0 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{C_4 - \frac{1}{3}C_2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & -3 & 0 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{C_4 - C_3} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & -3 & 0 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

olui $V+W = \text{Rango colonne} = 3$.

Resta da calcolare $\dim(V \cap W)$. Con Gramschmidt:

$$\begin{aligned} \dim(V+W) &= \dim(V \times W) - \dim(V \cap W) \\ &= \dim V + \dim W - \dim(V \cap W) \\ 3 &= 2 + 2 - \dim(V \cap W) \end{aligned}$$

Quindi $\dim(V \cap W) = 1$.

~~Domanda aggiuntiva: trovare una base di $V \cap W$.~~
 $u \in W \Rightarrow u = a(2, 0, 1, 1) + b(3, -2, 1, 0)$

~~generico elemento di W .~~

~~Impongo che sia in V . Sostituisco nel sistema~~

~~che definisce V e ottengo~~

~~$u = (2a + 3b, -2b, a - 2b, a) \in V \Leftrightarrow$~~